TURNING MOVEMENT ESTIMATED GUIDELINES

ISSUED BY:

THE COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY
TRANSPORTATION CABINET
DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING.



DECEMBER, 1997

PREPARED BY:

KENTUCKY TRANSPORTATION CABINET DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

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I. Background

A. Purpose

Turning movements are needed for the proper design of turning lanes, for air/noise calculations in Environmental Impact Studies, for level of service calculations in traffic impact studies and for the estimation of traffic diversion. This document is intended to help standardize the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet's estimation of turning movements and also to review the basics of turning movement estimation.

B. Products

Typical products needed vary depending on who the customer is. Below is a list of typical products needed and the required accuracy based on the customer.

Customer	Accuracy Needed	New Data 24-hour	<i>Needed</i> Manual TM		al Produ ADT-F		DHV-PM	PHV
Highway Design	High	Yes	Depends on Volume	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Environmental	Medium	Usually	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes
Planning	Low	Sometimes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No

The remainder of this report will cover definitions, review the Transportation Cabinet's current turning movement tools, refer to industry sources of information in the references and review some rules of thumb.

It should be emphasized that sound judgement must always be used when calculating turning movements. It is always the duty of the analyst to use as many sources of information as are practical for the task at hand and to keep the final product in mind when preparing turning movements.

C. Rules of Thumb

General

Turning movements should always be rounded and balanced.

When doing a series of turning movements for an arterial, the adjacent movements will normally match.

The true or actual turning movement ADTs are almost never known so the final product is always an estimate. Therefore sound judgement must always be used.

Make a field trip or talk to someone who knows the area whenever possible.

Factors

Directional distributions should be based on actual counts when possible, but if none are available it is important to concentrate on the most critical design lanes and be conservative (that is overestimate when in doubt).

K-factors should normally be based on ATRs. K-factors based on portable counts are always going to be lower than an ATR-derived K-factor.

The ITE Trip Generation Manual is a good source of directional distribution information for the peak hour at new facilities.

Commercial areas often have high lunch peaks.

Mixed use areas often have lower K-factors and flatter directional distributions.

II. Tools

A. TURNS.BAT

This program has been around for a long time and is useful for producing ADT turning movements. It is run with GWBASIC.EXE or another Basic equivalent.

B. JTURNS.BAS

The JTURNS.BAS algorithm was developed by Eric Sabina, currently of HNTB and a former employee of the Division of Transportation Planning. The actual program was written by Josh Howes of Palmer Engineering and a former employee of the Division of Transportation Planning. It produces mathematically determined turning movements for four-legged intersections when six of the possible twelve movements are known. The program is also run with GWBASIC.EXE.

C. TGTURNS.XLS

This recent product was written by Scott Thompson-Graves who works for Bernardin, Lochmuellar and Associates and is on contract with the Transportation Cabinet for one year. This EXCEL program uses growth factoring and is capable of producing both ADT and DHV turning movements. The best feature of this program is its capability of yielding DHVs based on variable k-factors and directional factors.

D. TURNS.EXE

This product was written by the Nebraska DOT and can produce both ADTs and DHVs.

E. EXCEL Template

Three-legged and four-legged intersection templates that are useful for a professional display of turning movements.

F. Manual solutions

There are many manual methods of developing turning movements. All methods involve iterative uses of known data and are somewhat time consuming. One laborious method developed by the Florida DOT is attached.

III. Definitions

Terms are borrowed from the Florida DOT Design Traffic Handbook.

ADJUSTED COUNT - An estimate of a traffic statistic calculated from a base traffic count that has been adjusted by application of axle, seasonal, or other defined factors. (AASHTO)

ANNUAL AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC (AADT) - The total volume of traffic on a highway segment for one year, divided by the number of days in the year. This volume is usually estimated by adjusting a short-term traffic count with weekly and monthly factors. (AASHTO)

AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC (ADT) - The total traffic volume during a give time period (more than a day and less than a year) divided by the number of days in that time period. (AASHTO)

AXLE CORRECTION FACTOR - The factor developed to adjust vehicle axle sensor base data for the incidence of vehicles with more than two axles, or the estimate of total axles based on automatic vehicle classification data divided by the total number of vehicles counted. (AASHTO)

BASE COUNT - A traffic count that has not been adjusted for axle factors (effects of trucks) or seasonal (day of the week/month of the year) effects. (AASHTO)

BASE DATA - The unedited and unadjusted measurements of traffic volume, vehicle classification, and vehicle or axle weight. (AASHTO)

COUNT - The data collected as a result of measuring and recording traffic characteristics such as vehicle volume, classification, speed weight, or a combination of these characteristics. (AASHTO)

COUNTER - Any device that collects traffic characteristics data.

DESIGN HOUR - The 30th highest hour of the design year.

DESIGN HOUR VOLUME (DHV) - The traffic volume expected to use a highway segment during the 30th highest hour of the design year. The Design Hour Volume (DHV) is related to AADT by the $\,$ K factor where DHV = $\,$ K * ADT

DESIGN PERIOD - The number of years from the initial application of traffic until the first planned major resurfacing or overlay. (AASHTO)

DESIGN TRAFFIC - A forecast of the 30th highest hour traffic volume for the design year.

DESIGN YEAR - Usually 20 years from the Opening Year, but may be any time within a range of years from the present (for restoration type projects) to 20 years in the future (for new construction type projects). The year for which the roadway is designed.

DIRECTIONAL DESIGN HOUR VOLUME (DDHV) - The traffic volume expected to use a highway segment during the 30th highest hour of the design year in the peak direction where DDHV = D * DHV

DIRECTIONAL DISTRIBUTION (D) - The percentage of total, two-way peak hour traffic that occurs in the peak direction.

D30 - The proportion of traffic in the 30th highest hour of the design year traveling in the peak direction.

FACTOR - A number that represents a ratio of one number to another number. The factors used to adjust traffic volumes are K, D, T, Design Hour Factor, Peak Hour Factor and Seasonal Factor. The Load Equivalency Factor adjusts pavement damage calculations.

INTERMEDIATE YEAR - Any future year in the forecast period between the base year and the design year, typically halfway between the opening year and the design year.

K-FACTOR (K) - The proportion of Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) occurring in an hour.

K30 - The proportion of Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) occurring during the 30th highest hour of the design year. Commonly known as the Design Hour Factor.

K100 - The proportion of Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) occurring during the 100th highest hour of the design year. Commonly known as the Planning Analysis Hour Factor.

PEAK HOUR FACTOR - The hourly volume during the maximum hour of the day divided by the peak 15-minute rate of flow within the peak hour; a measure of traffic demand fluctuation within the peak hour. (HCM)

PEAK HOUR-PEAK DIRECTION - The direction of travel (during the 60-minute peak hour) that contains the highest percentage of travel.

PERMANENT COUNT - A 24-hour traffic count continuously recorded at a permanent count station.

PERMANENT COUNT STATION - Automatic Traffic Recorders (ATRs) that are permanently placed at specific locations throughout the state to record the distribution and variation of traffic flow by hours of the day, days of the week, and months of the year from year to year. These stations are the best source of K-factors.

THIRTIETH HIGHEST HOUR VOLUME (30HV) - For all edit-accepted hours of data during a one-year period, the 30th highest hourly traffic volume. This volume is commonly used as a representative hour of traffic volume in roadway design. (AASHTO)

TRUCK - Any heavy vehicle described in FHWA Scheme F (Classes 4-13 i.e., buses and trucks with six or more tires. Class 14 is available for state definition of a special truck configuration not recognized by Scheme).

IV. Acronyms

ADT

Average Daily Traffic

AADT

Annual Average Daily Traffic

D

Directional traffic split

D30

highest

Proportion of traffic in the peak direction for the 30th

hour

DHV

Design Hour Volume

DDHV

Directional Design Hour Volume

HCM

Highway Capacity Manual

K30

Ratio of DHV to AADT for the 30th highest hour

V. References

A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets, American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO), 1990

<u>Design Traffic Procedure</u>, Florida Department of Transportation, Topic No. 525-030-120, June 16, 1994.

Highway Capacity Manual (HCM), Special Report 209, Transportation Research Board, 1994.

Traffic Monitoring Guide, Federal Highway Administration, December 16, 1992.

1996 Traffic Characteristics Report, Division of Transportation Planning, Kentucky Transportation Cabinet, 1997.

Internal Memorandum to Highway Information Systems Section, Division of Transportation Planning, April 17, 1997.

Turning Movement Estimation Guidelines

Appendix 1

Examples

General Notes

In the following examples, as in all traffic and turn movement projections, there is no one "absolute" method or model that should be applied to every situation. There are some general methods that usually work, however. It is always the analyst's job to gather all of the possible sources of information and determine the best tool to use for each situation or problem. The tools presented in this manual do not replace the analyst or the analyst's need for creative thought, but they do make the analysts job easier by performing some of the tedious or difficult calculations. In some cases they at least provide the analyst with a starting point or a framework for their projections.

For example *Turns.bat* is usually a good predictor of ADT turn movements at intersections were no turn movement data is available, but the program will not calculate turn movements for intersections for every roadway combination. For example, it will not provide results where three arterials meet a collector street. The lowest volume arterial can be assumed to be a collector, or the collector can be assumed to be an arterial, but the results will not be acceptable when compared to actual counts.

Another example could be using *TGturns* when no previous data or actual counts are available. When peak hour turn movements are calculated, extra care needs to be given to the % ins that are assumed. The zero closure can be accomplished with directional splits that are completely opposite of reality, an infinite number of results can be reached with an infinite number of assumptions. With proper, logical assumptions reality can be closely approximated, but with haphazard, random guesses the results are unacceptable.

As a rule if you put garbage into any of these programs, you will get garbage out of them (the old GIGO rule), even if the program's alarms, buzzers, and whistles do not go off. Avoid million dollar mistakes by always checking the logic of your input! Does everybody really leave Louisville in the morning and return at night?

The following pages step through 4 examples covering situations where different amounts of information are available. The first two examples cover a 3 and a 4 legged intersection with no turn movement counts available. Solutions are found using both *TGturns* and *Turns.bat* The last two examples cover four legged intersections with turn movement data available, and are only performed with *TGturns*.

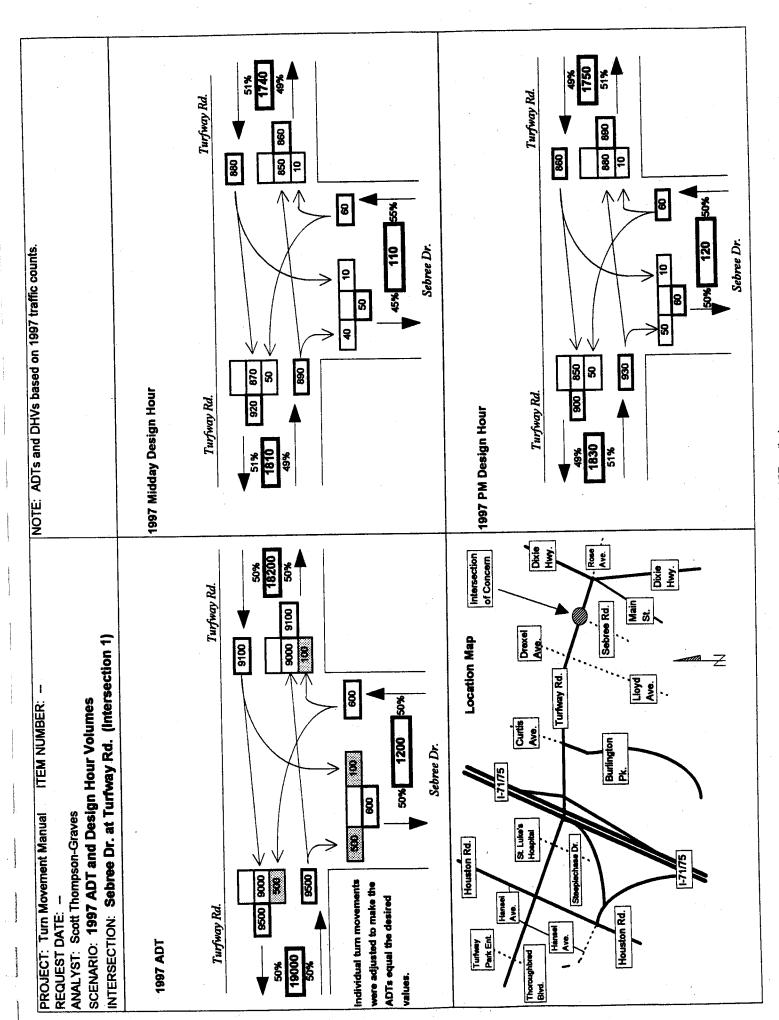
Intersection 1: Turfway Rd. at Sebree Dr.

This three legged intersection is located in Boone County, Kentucky. The study area is a highly developed commercial area south of Interstate 275 and Cincinnati, Ohio. Turfway Road is currently a 2 and 3 lane road beginning at US 25 (the Dixie Highway) and heading northwest through the study area. Only hourly machine counts were available for this analysis.

Step by Step Methodology

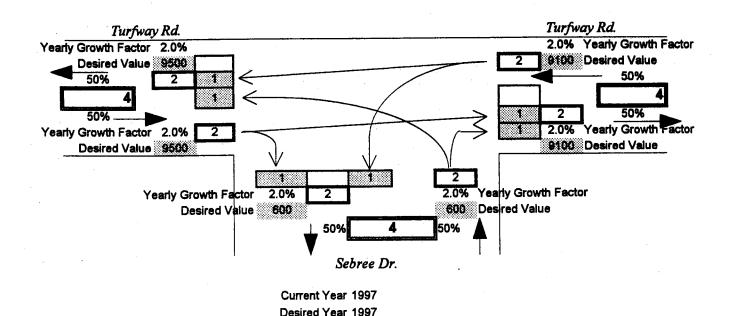
- Step 1) Fill in project information in upper left hand box on the "Display" worksheet.
- Step 2) Write street names into the proper cells in the ADT BOX on the "Display" worksheet.
- Step 3) Enter your initial turn movement assumptions into the boxes in the CURRENT TURN MOVEMENT SECTION of the "Past to Present" worksheet. In this case 1s were entered.
- Step 4) Write the directional Average Daily Traffic (ADT) into the DESIRED VALUE cells in the CURRENT TURN MOVEMENT SECTION.
- Step 5) Look at the results in the 1997 ADT section of the "Display" worksheet.

 Manually overwrite the individual turn movement cells to make the TOTAL ADTs equal your desired values. In this case the West leg ADT needed to be 19,000 and the East leg needed to be 18,200. In order to accomplish this I removed 80 trips from the South to East couplet and gave them to the South to West couplet.
- Step 6) In the AM and PM PEAK HOUR MATRIX MANIPULATION SECTIONS of the "Display" worksheet enter the desired % ins and K factors for each movement. Adjust these initial assumptions until the number in the boxes in the center of the AM and PM sections equals zero.
- Step 7) Draw a sketch of the study area and project in the far left box labeled LOCATION MAP in the "Display" worksheet.
- Step 8) Highlight the 6 boxes in the "Display" worksheet containing the project description, notes, ADT, DHVs, and Location maps. Print out what you just highlighted.

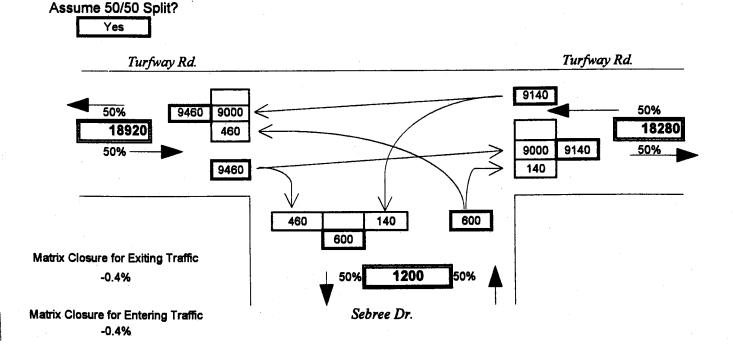


"Display" worksheef, this is the final printout of your results (minus the highlights and comments in the ADT section)

Current Turn Movements

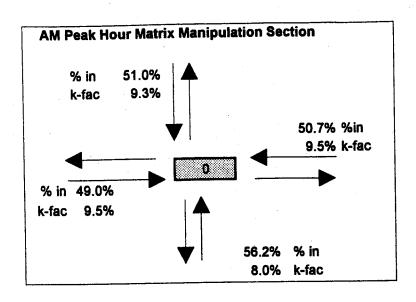


Matrix Results



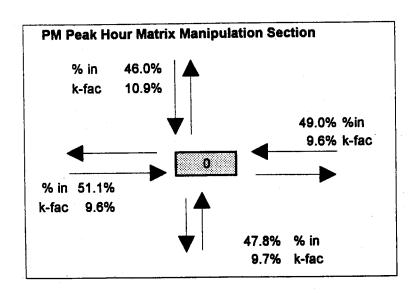
"Past to Present" worksheet

In this example 1 was entered into the highlighted boxes in the CURRENT TURN MOVEMENT section. The directional average daily traffic was entered into the highlighted DESIRED VALUE cells.



Matrix Closure for Exiting Traffic -0.2%

Matrix Closure for Entering Traffic -0.3%



Matrix Closure for Exiting Traffic 0.0%

Matrix Closure for Entering Traffic 0.0%

"Display" worksheet

As in all of these examples the % in and K factor estimates were entered into the AM and PM PEAK HOUR MATRIX MANIPULATION SECTIONS. These estimates were adjusted until the highlighted boxes equalled zero.

DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT

ORCE: V	DATA SOURCE:							
UMBER: P	MACHINE N MULTIPLE: ONB-WAY:			TUESDAY	11-12 AM ON 5- 6 PM ON	BETWEEN 11-	2: 1450	AXLE FACTOR: TOTAL HOURS: AM HIGH HOUR: PM HIGH HOUR:
		ji	1896	DAILY TRAFFIC:	AVERAGE			MONTHUT V EXC
37190					4980	18300	13910	TOTALS:
680						360	320	11-12 PM
860						440	420	10-11 PM
1200						580	620	10
1540						750	790 070T	2 0 1 M
2580						1230	1350	6- 7 PM
2830						1380	1450	9
2750						1370	1380	4-5 PM
2600						1280	1320	3- 4 PM
2630						1280	1350	2-3 PM
2640						1320	1320	2
2720						1310	1410	<u> </u>
2290					j	1130	1160	-12
2000					1010	990		-11
1740					880	3000		10
1570					770	800		8 - 9 AM
1140					590	550		-
530					250	280		1 Q
200					110	90		4-5 AM
140					70	70		<u>.</u>
200					110	90		ω
260					120	140		N
450			;		240	210	!	12- 1 AM
TOTALS	MON	SUN	SAT	FRI	THU	WED	TUE	DAY:
	10	09	08	07	90	о л	04	DATE:
		1997	MARCH 10	ARCH 04 TO	WEEK OF MARCH 04			
STATION: Y02	TTS			BOONE COUNTY	во	٠	KY1017	ROUTE: KY

DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT

MACHINE NUMBER: M26 MULTIPLE: N ONE-WAY: N DATA SOURCE: V	MACHINE N MULTIPLE: ONE-WAY: DATA SOUR			WEDNESDAY		BETWEEN (103 99 48 70 110	MONTHLY FACTOR: AXLE FACTOR: TOTAL HOURS: AM HIGH HOUR: PM HIGH HOUR:	MONTHLY FACT AXLE FACTOR: TOTAL HOURS: AM HIGH HOUR PM HIGH HOUR
			FIC: 1167	DAILY TRAFFIC:	G B				
2290					330	1150	810		TOTALS:
70						40	30	PM	11-12 F
80						40	40	PM	
100						40	60	PM	9-10 P
150						60	90	PM	8-9 F
150						70	80	PM	7-8 P
190						110	80	PM	·6- 7 F
160						90	70	PM	5- 6 F
160						80	80	PM	4-5 F
170						90	80	PM	3- 4 E
120						50	70	PM	2- 3 E
120						60	60	PM	.1- 2 I
130						60	70	РM	12- 1 F
90					40	50		AM	12
70					40	30		AM	
80					30	50		АМ	10
120					50	70		АМ	_
9 0					50	40		AM	7-81
40					400	4 0		AM :	6-71
20) 			M	י ער או
20					10	10		AM	A . T .
					10	10		AM	
					10	10		AM	N
					20	20		AM	,
TOTALS	MOM	SUN	SAT	FRI	THU	WED	TUE		••
	10	09	08	07	06	05	04		DATE:
		1997	MARCH 10 1	TO	WEEK OF MARCH 04				
STATION: Y23	ř0			BOONE COUNTY	ВО		SE DR	SEBREE	ROUTE:
					J }			}	,

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PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT

MONTHLY FACTOR: AXLE FACTOR: TOTAL HOURS: AM HIGH HOUR: PM HIGH HOUR:	TOTALS:	11-12 PM	_	8- 9 PM		Q	CT I	3 - 4 DM	s N		12	_	10	_	7-8 AM			5	1 4	2- 3 AM	2	12- 1 AM	DAY:	DATE:		ROUTE: KY
103 99 48 1160 1390	13400	280	580	750	1280	1390	1320	1370	1290	1370	1160												TUE	04		KY1017
BETWEEN 11-12 BETWEEN 5- 6	17540	320	560	720	1160	1310	1330	1240	1290	1250	1110	980	830	750	810	550	260	90	60	90	110	210	MED	05		
AVERAGE 12 AM ON 6 PM ON	4820									•		980	870	730	810	580	240	110	70	100	100	230	THU	06	WEEK OF MARCH 04	ВО
DAILY TRAFFIC: TUESDAY TUESDAY																							FRI	07	ARCH 04 TO	BOONE COUNTY
FFIC: 18232	·																						SAT	80	MARCH 10 1	·
				,																			SUN	09	.997	
MACHINE NUMBER: MULTIPLE: ONE-WAY: DATA SOURCE:																			-				MON	10		STATION:
IUMBBR: P92 N N NCB: V	35760	600	1140	1880	2440	2700	2650	2560	2580	2620	2270	1960	1700	1480	1620	1130	500	200	130	190	210	440	TOTALS			ION: Y22

approach 3:	
left turns	. 0
thru moves	0
right turns	0
exiting	0

Turfway Road

approach 1:		approach 2:	
left turns	0	left turns	90
thru moves	8787	thru moves	9010
right turns	511	right turns	0
exiting	9497	exiting	9102

Turfway Road

approach 4:	
left turns	487
thru moves	0
right turns	113
exiting	601

Do _another intersection (y or n)?

Sebree Drive

Intersection 1 using Turns.bat

Steps/Assumptions:

- -- assume Turfway Road is an arterial
- assume Sebree Drive is a collector

Intersection 2: Turfway Rd. at Drexel and Lloyd Avenues

This four legged intersection is located in Boone County, Kentucky. The study area is a highly developed commercial area south of Interstate 275 and Cincinnati, Ohio. Turfway Road is currently a 2 and 3 lane road beginning at US 25 (the Dixie Highway) and heading northwest through the study area. Only hourly machine counts were available for this analysis.

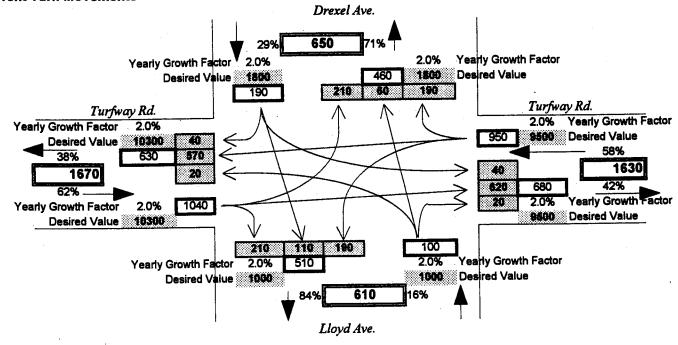
Step by Step Methodology

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- Step 2) Write street names into the proper cells in the ADT BOX on the "Display" worksheet.
- Step 3) Enter your initial turn movement assumptions into the boxes in the CURRENT TURN MOVEMENT SECTION of the "Past to Present" worksheet. In this case estimates were entered.
- Step 4) Write the directional Average Daily Traffic (ADT) into the DESIRED VALUE cells in the CURRENT TURN MOVEMENT SECTION.
- Step 5) Look at the results in the 1997 ADT section of the "Display" worksheet.

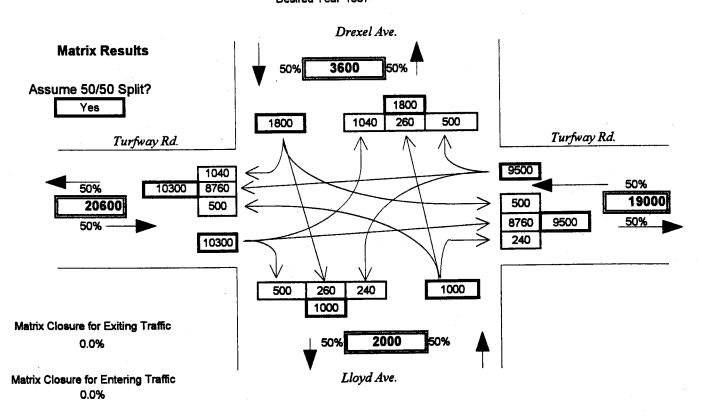
 Manually overwrite the individual turn movement cells to make the TOTAL ADTs equal your desired values. In this case the individual turn movements and ADTs appear adequate.
- Step 6) In the AM and PM PEAK HOUR MATRIX MANIPULATION SECTIONS of the "Display" worksheet enter the desired % ins and K factors for each movement. Adjust these initial assumptions until the number in the boxes in the center of the AM and PM sections equals zero.
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"Display" worksheef, this is the final printout of your results

Current Turn Movements

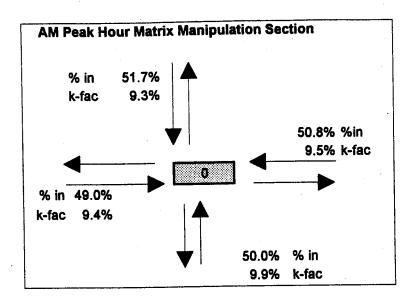


Current Year 1997 Desired Year 1997



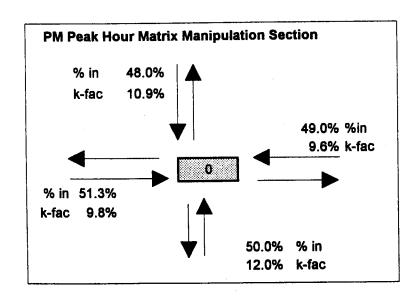
"Past to Present" worksheet

In this example estimates were entered into the highlighted boxes in the CURRENT TURN MOVEMENT section. The directional average daily traffic was entered into the highlighted DESIRED VALUE cells.



Matrix Closure for Exiting Traffic 0.0%

Matrix Closure for Entering Traffic 0.0%

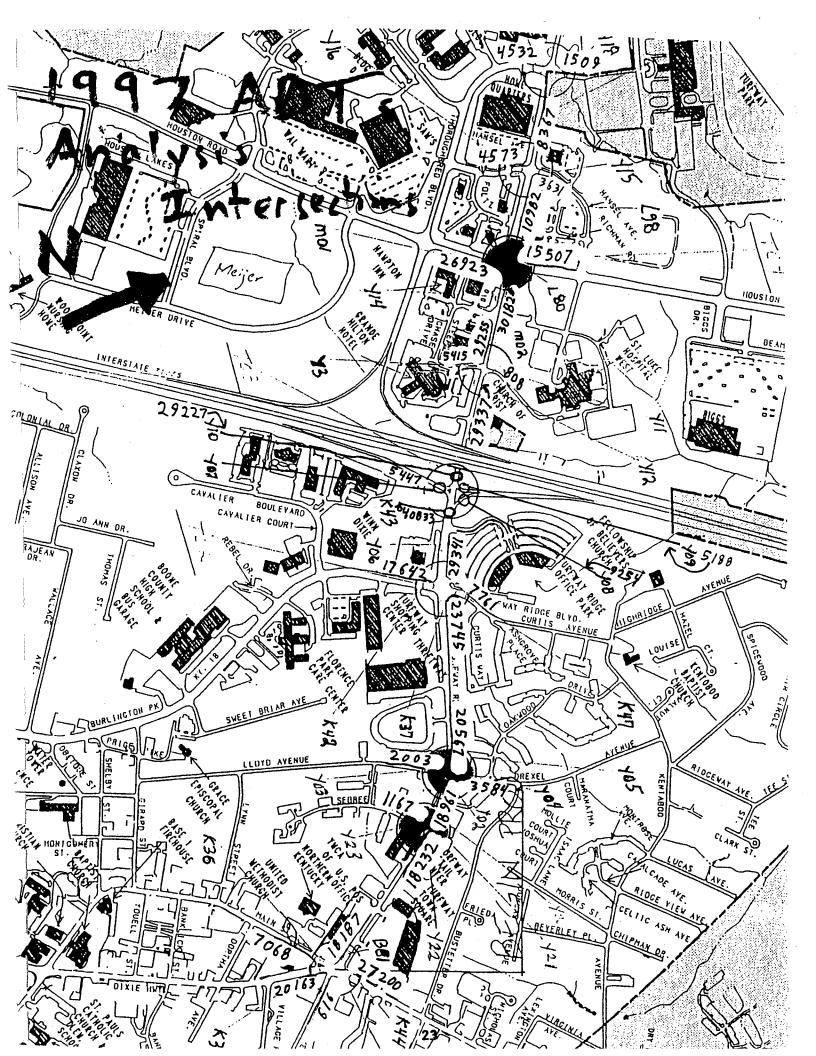


Matrix Closure for Exiting Traffic 0.0%

Matrix Closure for Entering Traffic 0.0%

"Display" worksheet

As in all of these examples the % in and K factor estimates were entered into the AM and PM PEAK HOUR MATRIX MANIPULATION SECTIONS. These estimates were adjusted until the highlighted boxes equalled zero.



DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT

	ROUTE:
	DREXEL AVE
WHEN OF WARCH OA TO WARCH 10 1997	BOONE COUNTY
	STATION: Y04

		•	FIC: 3584	DAILY TRAFFIC	AVERAGE			
6960					870	3410	2680	TOTALS:
OTT						50	60	11-12 PM
110						90	80	
170						100	130	
220						120	130	- 9
310						150	160	
440						210	230	- 7
600				•		280	320	5- 6 PM
620						310	310	ι Մ
610						310	300	4
510				٠		240	270	2-3 PM
480						250	230	ا 2
510						260	250	
420						210	210	
330					170	160		
330					170	160		-10
290					140	150		
260					140	120		ا ھ
200					100	100		- 7
80					40	40		9
20					10	10		י 5
30					20	10		
40					20	20		ı پ
60					20	40		2
60					40	20		щ
TOTALS	MON	SUN	SAT	FRI	UHT	WED	HUE	DAY:
	10	09'	80	07	06	05	04	DATE:
		,	ŀ	ŀ				
		1997	MARCH 10 1	MARCH 04 TO	WEEK OF MA			

AM HIGH HOUR: PM HIGH HOUR: AXLE FACTOR:
TOTAL HOURS:

210

BETWEEN 11-12

48

320

BETWEEN

5- 6

AM ON PM ON

TUESDAY

MULTIPLE:
ONE-WAY:
DATA SOURCE:

MACHINE NUMBER: T39

MONTHLY FACTOR:

103 100

NEWLUCKY IKANSPOKTATION CABINET-DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT

ROUTE:
LLOYD AVE
BOONE COUNTY
STATION:
Y03

MONTHLY FACTOR: 103 AXLE FACTOR: 100		TOTALS: 1440 2	PM	10-11 PM 50	-10 PM		- 8 PM 100	160	170	170	140	PM 120	- 2 PM 110		12 AM 110	-11	-10 AM	AM	-			4-5 AM	3-4 AM		N 1	1 AM	TUE	DATE: 04		
BETWEEN 11		2000	30	40	60	70	90	160	180	200	180	160	120	160	120	70	70	100	90	50	10	10	10	10	0	10	UBW	05		
11-12 AM ON W	AVERAGE	450										•				80	100	100	60	40	10	10	10	10	10	20	THU	06	WEEK OF MARCH 04	
WEDNESDAY	DAILY TRAFFIC:																										FRI	07		
	IC: 2003																										SAT	80	TO MARCH 10	
	3																										SUN	09	1997	
MACHINE NUMBER: MULTIPLE:																											MON	10		
UMBER: T36 N N		3890	ď	60	- PO C	170	190 190	320	350	ن د د د	320	280	230	200	230	150	170	200	150	90	20	20	20	20	10	30	TOTALS			

DATA SOURCE:

DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT

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DAMA COLLOCA.	ONE-WAY:	MULTIPLE:	MACHINE NUMBER:
<	N	Z	. P93

AM HIGH HOUR:

PM HIGH HOUR:

1600 1280

BETWEEN

BETWEEN 11-12 AM ON BETWEEN 5-6 PM ON

5- 6

TUESDAY TUESDAY

TOTAL HOURS: AXLE FACTOR:

48 99

MONTHLY FACTOR:

103

DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT

ROUTE: KY1017 BOONE COUNTY STATION: Y02

210 240 140 120 90 110 90 110 70 70 70 70 90 110 280 250 550 590 850 830 860 880 770 860 880 990 1010 0 1330 0 1320 0 1280 0 1320 0 1280 0 1280 0 1280 0 1280 0 1360 0 1360 0 140 0 360 AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC:	04 05 06 07 TUE WED THU FRI	WEEK OF MARCH 04
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AM HIGH HOUR: TOTAL HOURS: AXLE FACTOR: MONTHLY FACTOR:

1160 1450

BETWEEN 11-12 AM ON BETWEEN 5-6 PM ON

TUESDAY TUESDAY

MULTIPLE:

MACHINE NUMBER: P94

DATA SOURCE: ONE-WAY:

BETWEEN

48 99

103

PM HIGH HOUR:

Drexel Avenue

approach 3:	
left turns	376
thru moves	423
right turns	1000
exiting	1800

		Turfw	ay Road
approach 1: left turns thru moves right turns exiting	901 8961 437 10297	approach 2: left turns thru moves right turns exiting	140 8911 450 9502
Turfusy Boad			

urfway Road

approach 4:	
left turns	386
thru moves	449
right turns	165
exiting	1000

Do another intersection (y or n)?

Lloyd Avenue

Intersection 2 using Turns.bat

Steps/Assumptions:

- assume Turfway Road is an arterial
- assume Drexel and Lloyd Avenues are collectors

Intersection 3: KY 192 at KY 1006

This four legged intersection is located in Laurel County, Kentucky. The study area is located to the East of Interstate 75. Both hourly machine counts and manual turn movement counts were available for this analysis.

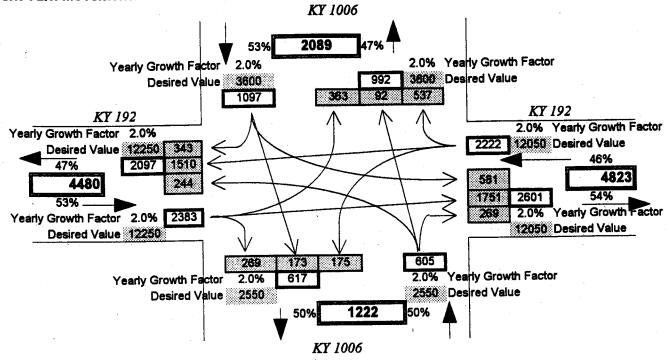
Step by Step Methodology

- Step 1) Fill in project information in upper left hand box on the "Display" worksheet.
- Step 2) Write street names into the proper cells in the ADT BOX on the "Display" worksheet.
- Step 3) Enter your initial turn movement assumptions into the boxes in the CURRENT TURN MOVEMENT SECTION of the "Past to Present" worksheet. In this case the sums of the individual turn movements from the manual turn movement count were entered.
- Step 4) Write the directional Average Daily Traffic (ADT) into the DESIRED VALUE cells in the CURRENT TURN MOVEMENT SECTION.
- Step 5) Look at the results in the 1997 ADT section of the "Display" worksheet.

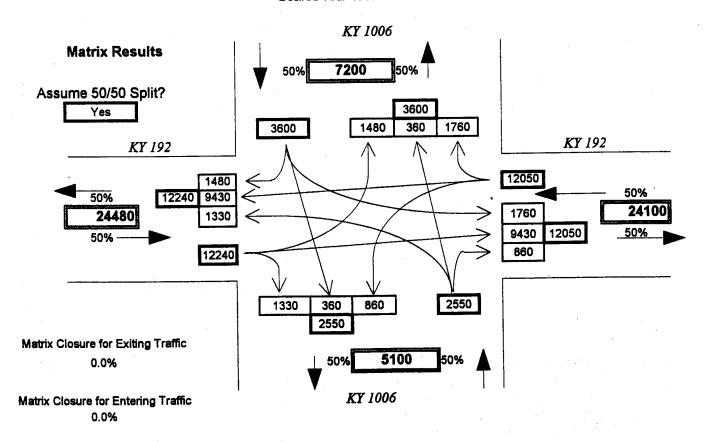
 Manually overwrite the individual turn movement cells to make the TOTAL ADTs equal your desired values. In this case the ADT on the West leg of the intersection needed to be 24,500. The initial spreadsheet prediction was 24,480. To accomplish this the North-West, South-West, and North-South turn movements couplets were adjusted by 10 vehicles.
- Step 6) Enter the highest hour volumes of the Midday turn movement count into the Individual turn movement boxes in the "AM Peak Hour" worksheet.
- Step 7) Enter the highest hour volumes of the PM turn movement count into the Individual turn movement boxes in the "PM Peak Hour" worksheet.
- Step 8) In the AM and PM PEAK HOUR MATRIX MANIPULATION SECTIONS of the "Display" worksheet enter the desired % ins and K factors for each movement. Adjust these initial assumptions until the number in the boxes in the center of the AM and PM sections equals zero.
- Step 9) Draw a sketch of the study area and project in the far left box labeled LOCATION MAP in the "Display" worksheet.
- Step 10) Highlight the 6 boxes in the "Display" worksheet containing the project description, notes, ADT, DHVs, and Location maps. Print out what you just highlighted.

"Display" worksheef, this is the final printout of your results (minus the highlights and comments in the ADT section)

Current Turn Movements



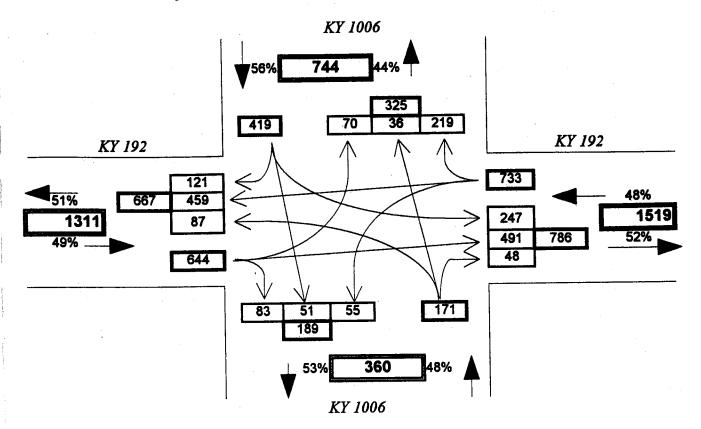
Current Year 1997 Desired Year 1997



"Past to Present" worksheet

In this example the sums of an actual turn movement count were entered into the highlighted boxes in the CURRENT TURN MOVEMENTS section. The directional average daily traffic (ADT) was entered into the highlighted DESIRED VALUE cells.

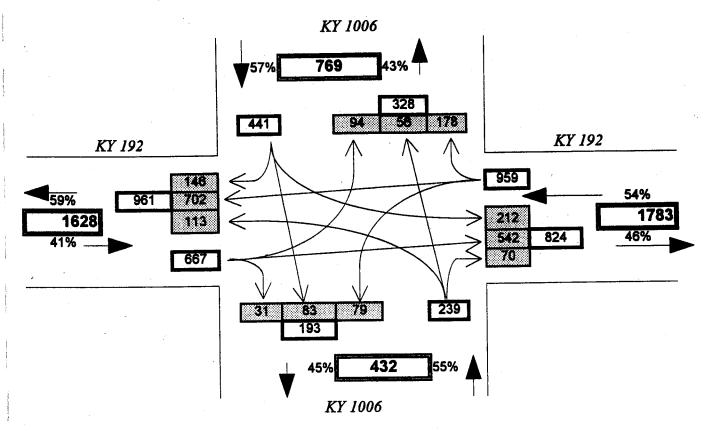
AM Initial Data Entry



"AM Peak Hour" worksheet

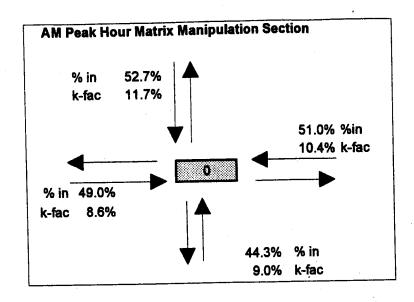
In this example the highest hour volumes of the Midday turn movement count were entered into the highlighted boxes.

PM Initial Data Entry



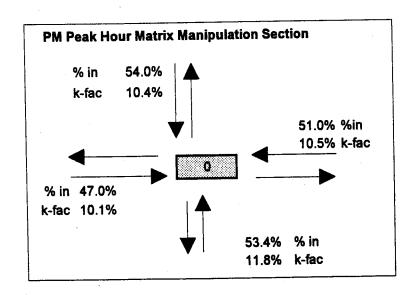
"PM Peak Hour" worksheet

In this example the highest hour volumes of the PM turn movement count were entered into the highlighted boxes.



Matrix Closure for Exiting Traffic 0.0%

Matrix Closure for Entering Traffic 0.0%

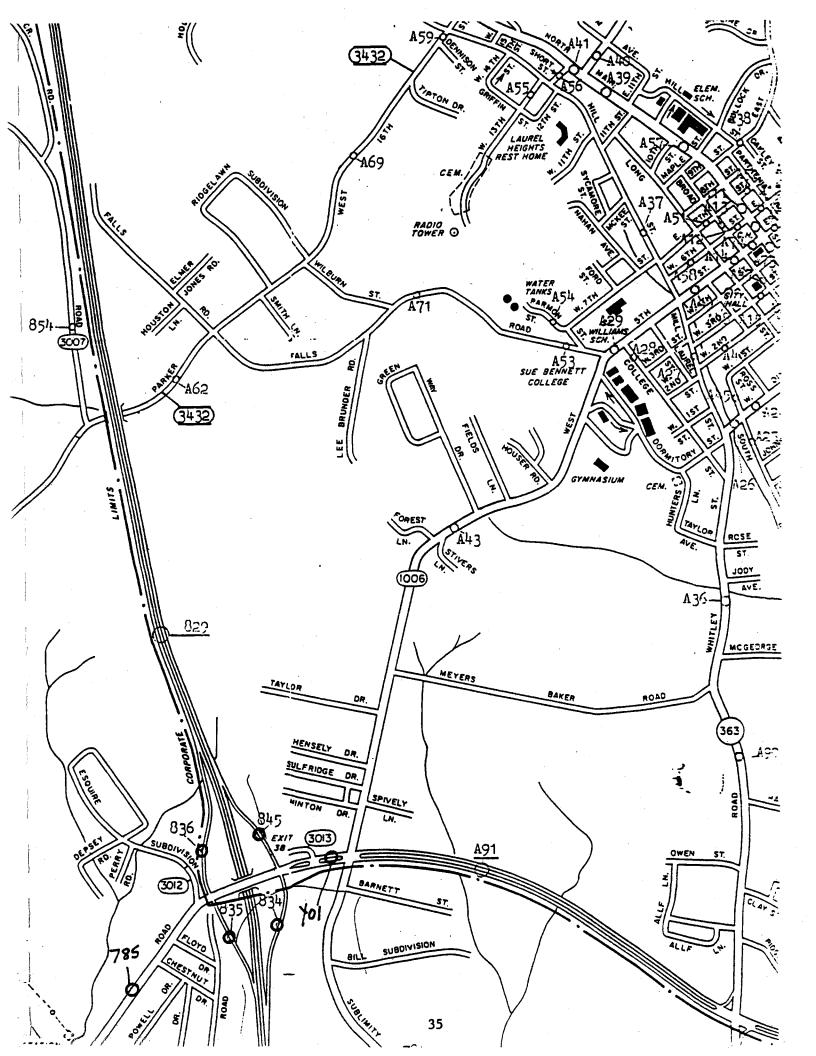


Matrix Closure for Exiting Traffic 0.0%

Matrix Closure for Entering Traffic 0.0%

"Display" worksheet

As in all of these examples the % in and K factor estimates were entered into the AM and PM PEAK HOUR MATRIX MANIPULATION SECTIONS. These estimates were adjusted until the highlighted boxes equalled zero.



DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT

DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT

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KENTUCKY TRANSPORTATION CABINET-DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

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KENTUCKY TRANSPORTATION CABINET-DEPARTMENT OF DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING HIGHWAYS

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KENTUCKY TRANSPORTATION CABINET-DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT

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KENTUCKY TRANSPORTATION CABINET-DEPARTMENT OF DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING *PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT* HIGHWAYS

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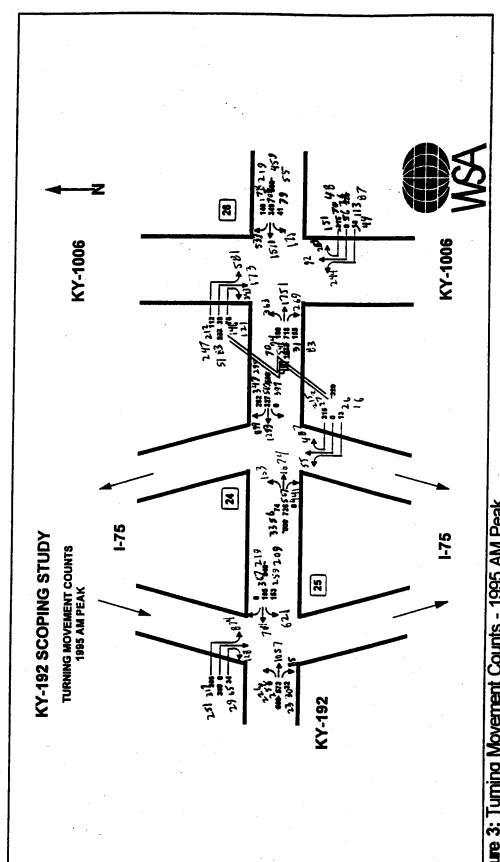


Figure 3: Turning Movement Counts - 1995 AM Peak

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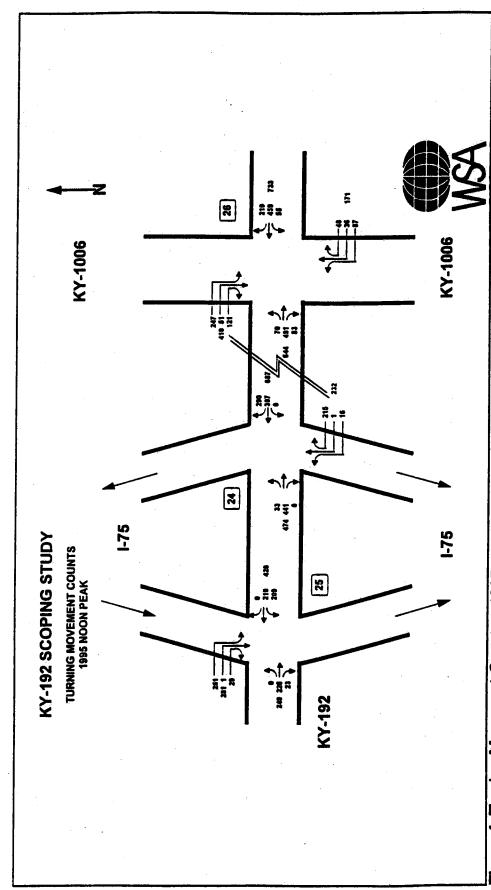


Figure 4: Turning Movement Counts - 1995 noon Peak

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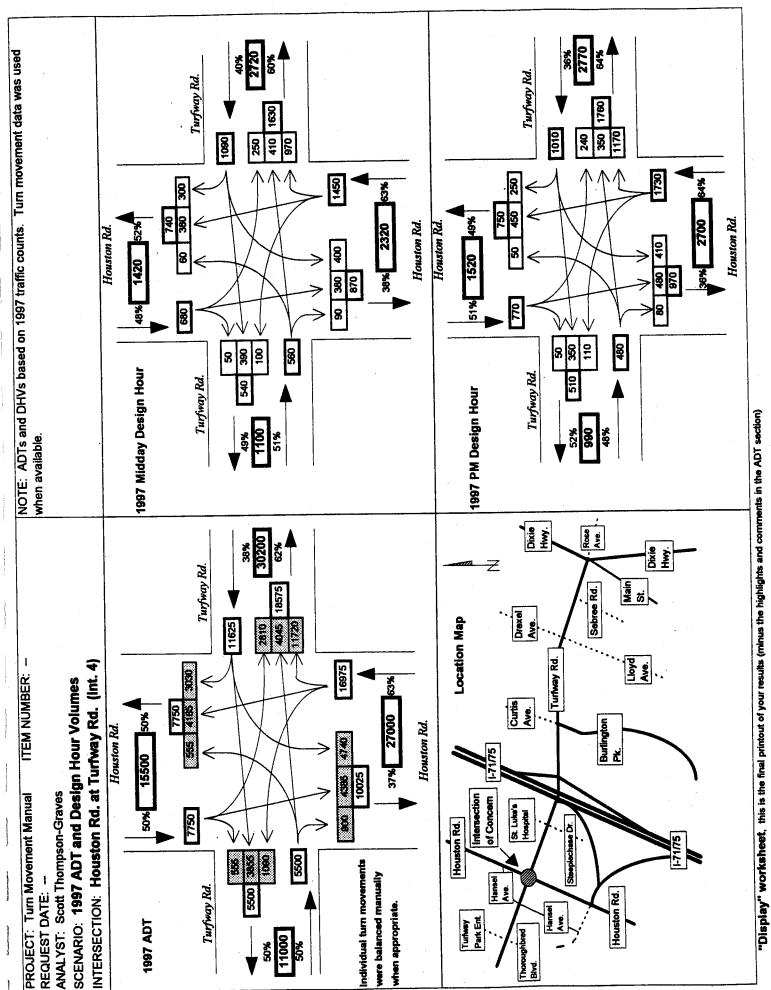
Intersection 4: Turfway Rd. at Houston Rd.

This four legged intersection is located in Boone County, Kentucky. The study area is a highly developed commercial area south of Interstate 275 and Cincinnati, Ohio. Turfway Road is currently a 2 and 3 lane road beginning at US 25 (the Dixie Highway) and heading northwest through the study area. This intersection exhibits directionality on two legs. The end product had to be adjusted to force movements that should not have been directional to balance. Both hourly machine counts and manual turn movement counts were available for this analysis.

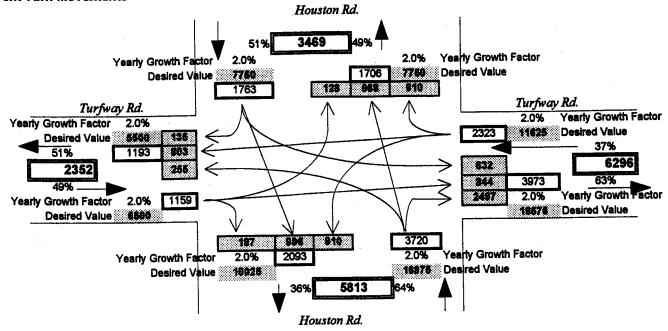
Step by Step Methodology

- Step 1) Fill in project information in upper left hand box on the "Display" worksheet.
- Step 2) Write street names into the proper cells in the ADT BOX on the "Display" worksheet.
- Step 3) Enter your initial turn movement assumptions into the boxes in the CURRENT TURN MOVEMENT SECTION of the "Past to Present" worksheet. In this case the sums of the individual turn movements from the manual turn movement count were entered.
- Step 4) Write the directional Average Daily Traffic (ADT) into the DESIRED VALUE cells in the CURRENT TURN MOVEMENT SECTION.
- Step 5) Write "No" into the ASSUME 50/50 SPLIT? Box in the MATRIX RESULTS section of the "Past to Present" worksheet.
- Step 6) Look at the results in the 1997 ADT section of the "Display" worksheet.

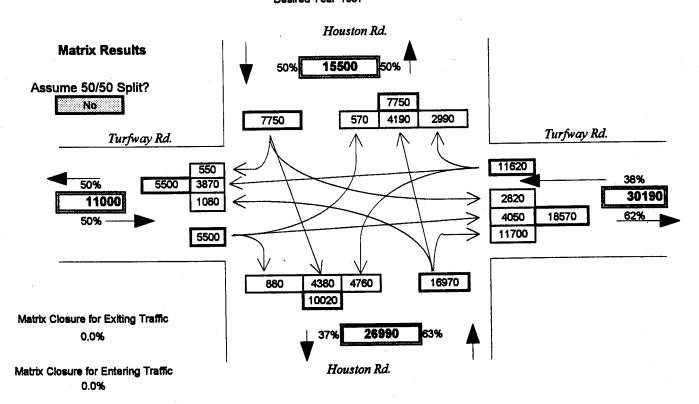
 Manually overwrite the individual turn movement cells to make the TOTAL ADTs equal your desired values. In this case the most of the turn movement couplets should not be balanced, but some should be. The individual turn movements were adjusted to accomplish this goal.
- Step 7) Enter the highest hour volumes of the PM turn movement count into the Individual turn movement boxes in the "PM Peak Hour" worksheet.
- Step 8) In the AM and PM PEAK HOUR MATRIX MANIPULATION SECTIONS of the "Display" worksheet enter the desired % ins and K factors for each movement. Adjust these initial assumptions until the number in the boxes in the center of the AM and PM sections equals zero.
- Step 9) Draw a sketch of the study area and project in the far left box labeled LOCATION MAP in the "Display" worksheet.
- Step 10) Highlight the 6 boxes in the "Display" worksheet containing the project description, notes, ADT, DHVs, and Location maps. Print out what you just highlighted.



Current Turn Movements



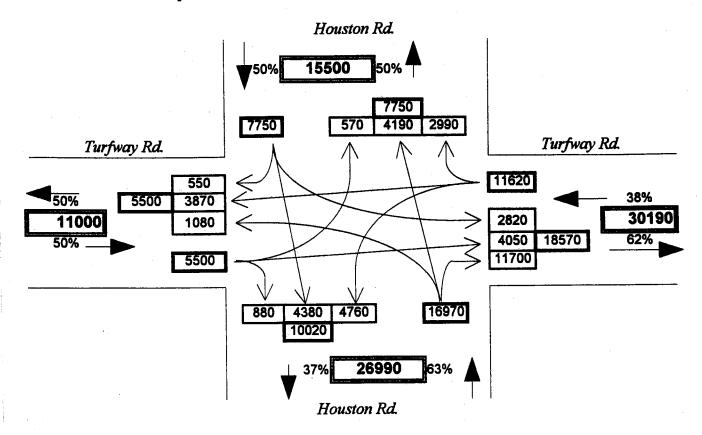
Current Year 1997 Desired Year 1997



"Past to Present" worksheet

In this example the sums of an actual turn movement count were entered into the highlighted boxes in the CURRENT TURN MOVEMENTS section. The directional average daily traffic (ADT) was entered into the highlighted DESIRED VALUE cells. In the MATRIX RESULTS section, "No" was written into the ASSUME 50/50 SPLIT box.

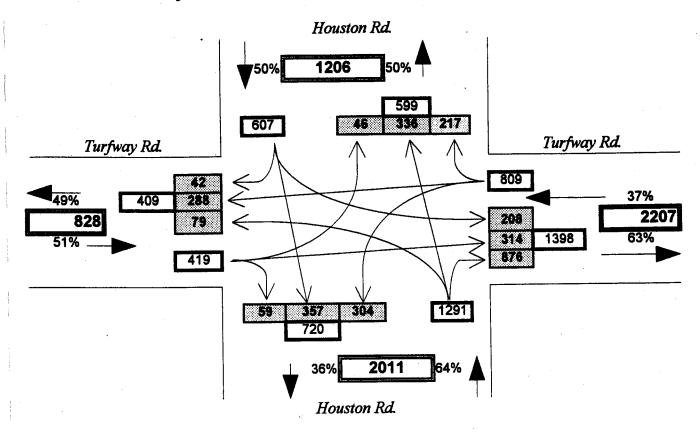
AM Initial Data Entry



"AM Peak Hour" worksheet

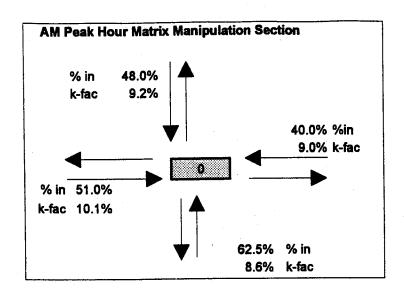
No AM peak hour turn movement counts were available so nothing was entered into this worksheet.

PM Initial Data Entry



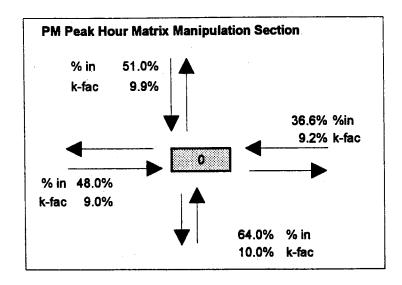
"PM Peak Hour" worksheet

In this example the highest hour of the PM turn movement count were entered into the highlighted boxes.



Matrix Closure for Exiting Traffic 0.0%

Matrix Closure for Entering Traffic 0.0%



Matrix Closure for Exiting Traffic 0.0%

Matrix Closure for Entering Traffic 0.0%

"Display" worksheet

As in all of these examples the % in and K factor estimates were entered into the AM and PM PEAK HOUR MATRIX MANIPULATION SECTIONS. These estimates were adjusted until the highlighted boxes equalled zero.

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NEWLUCKI IKANSPOKTATION CABINEL-DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT

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ADDIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT

MOLITELS: N ONE-WAY: N DATA SOURCE: V	ONE		K K	MONDAY	1 PM ON	BETWEEN 7- BETWEEN 12-	810 BET 870 BET	HIGH HOUR:	PM I
UMBER: P	MAC				!		109 99 48	HAY	MONTHI AXLE I
		11649		DAILY TRAFFIC:	AVERAGE				
21590					1560	10880	9150	TOTALS: 9	TO
310						150	160	12 PM	11-
420						220	200	PM	10-11
000						290	260	PM	9-10
780						390	390	9 PM	8
1090		-				540	550		7-
1380						700	680	PM	6-
1560						770	790	PM	5
1500						730	770	5 PM	4-
1530						760	770	4 PM	Ψ
1400						670	730	3 PM .	2-
1510						750	760		<u>;</u>
1710						840	870	PM	12-
1440						710	730	AM	11-12
1120						580	540	AM	10-11
910						440	470	AM	9-10
1060						580	480	AM	8
1460					650	810		8 AM	7-
960					480	480			6-
370					180	190		6 AM	5-
130					70	60			4
70					30	40		4 AM	3
1 & C					30	50		3 AM	2-
60					30	30		2 AM	H
190					90	100		1 AM	12-
TOT.	SUN	SAT	FRI	THU	WED	TUE	MON		DAY:
	02	01	28	27	26	25	24		DATE:
		02 1997	TO MARCH	24	K OF FEBRUARY	WEEK			
SIAIIUN: I14 S			IX	BOONE COUNTY	BO BO			TE: KY1017	ROUTE:
V14				مست المنتها	1				! }

DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT

MONTHLY FACTOR: AXLE FACTOR: TOTAL HOURS: AM HIGH HOUR: PM HIGH HOUR:		TOTALS:	11-12 PM	10-11 PM			7-8 PM			5	3- 4 PM	2-3 PM	.1-2 PM	12- 1 PM	11-12 AM	10-11 AM	9-10 AM		œ	- 7	5- 6 AM	UT UT	3- 4 AM	2-3 AM	2	12- 1 AM	DAY:	DATE:		ROUTE: KY1017
)R: 109 100 48 680 870		8500	170	180	340	410	510	600	720	680	720	640	720	840	660	450	410	450 ·									MON	24)17
BETWEEN 11 BETWEEN 12		10150	170	200	320	380	540	650	720	700	700	650	680	870	680	450	380	460	610	470	220	80	50	30	40	100	TUE	25	&	
L-12 AM ON 2- 1 PM ON	AVERAGE	1500												1.					540	460	200	90	50	30	30	100	WED	26	WEEK OF FEBR	B O
TUESDAY	DAILY TRAFFIC:																										THU	27	FEBRUARY 24 TO	BOONE COUNTY
	FFIC: 10982																										FRI	28	TO MARCH	
	182																										SAT	01	02 1997	
MACHINE N MULTIPLE: ONE-WAY:																				-							SUN	02		STAT
MACHINE NUMBER: M MULTIPLE: ONE-WAY:		20150	340	380	660	790	1050	1250	1440	1380	1420	1290	1400	1710	1340	900	790	910	1150	930	420	170	100	60	70	200	TOTALS			STATION: L98

DATA SOURCE:

DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT

MACHINE NUMBER: P93 MULTIPLE: N	MACHINE N MULTIPLE: ONE-WAY:		K	TUESDAY	11-12 AM ON 12- 1 PM ON	BETWEEN 1.	FACTOR: 109 TOR: 99 JURS: 48 HOUR: 730 HOUR: 860	MONTHLY FACTOR: AXLE FACTOR: TOTAL HOURS: AM HIGH HOUR: PM HIGH HOUR:
		12102		AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC:	AVERAGI			
22430					2790	11100	8540	TOTALS:
330						170	160	11-12 PM
430						220	210	10-11 PM
570				•		300	270	9-10 PM
780						380	400	_
1070						520	550	7- 8 PM
1510				-		760	750	7
1650						820	830	<i>و</i> ر
1660						810	850	у
1520	•					740	780	4
1500						690	810	u
1510	٠					730	780	N
1700					•	840	860	1 1
1440						730	710	
1220						640	580	
1100					550	550		10
990					520	470		9
1390					670	720		7- 8 AM
970					500	470		6- 7 AM
400					200	200		5- 6 AM
150					80	70		4-5 AM
90					40	50		4
90					40	50		w
120					60	60		1- 2 AM
240					130	110		12- 1 AM
TOTALS	SUN	SAT	FRI	THU	WED	TUE	MON	DAY:
	02	01	28	27	26	25	24	DATE:
		02 1997	TO MARCH	FEBRUARY 24	WEEK OF FEBI	Æ		
STATION: K37 S	50		YTY	BOONE COUNTY	В		KY1017	ROUTE: KY

DATA SOURCE:

P93 N V

NIBINITUCNI TRANSPORTATION CABINET-DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAYS DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT

	ROUTE:
	KY1017
WEEK	
WEEK OF FEBRUARY 24 TO MARCH	BOONE COUNTY
02 1997	
	STATION: K37 N

21580					1460	10840	9280	TOTALS:
490						250	240	-12 PM
540						260	280	11
810						430	380	
960						500	460	
1220						600	620	- 8 PM
1440						730	710	_
1700	••					820	880	- 6 PM
1630						790	840	
1510		-			•	780	730	
1510						700	810	
1500						720	780	- 2 PM
1540						800	740	-
1420					•	720	700	
1130						550	580	
1080				•		550	530	
920				÷	450	470		
920					380	540		- 8 AM
350					180	170		
200					80	120		
100					50	50		- 5 AM
90					40	50		
90					50	40	•	
130					70	60		- 2 AM
300					160	140		
TOTALS	SUN	SAT	FRI	THU	WED	TUE	MON	AY:
	02	01	28	27	26	25	24	ATE:

AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC: 11643

MONTHLY FACTOR: AM HIGH HOUR: TOTAL HOURS: AXLE FACTOR: 109 720 48 99

PM HIGH HOUR: 880 BETWEEN BETWEEN 11-12 AM ON BETWEEN 5-6 PM ON

TUESDAY MONDAY

ONE-WAY: MULTIPLE: MACHINE NUMBER:

DATA SOURCE:

DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT

DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING

PORTABLE TRAFFIC RECORDER REPORT

	ROUTE:
	KY842
	BOONE COUNTY
2001	
	STATION: L80 W

AXLE FACTOR: TOTAL HOURS: AM HIGH HOUR: PM HIGH HOUR:	MONTHILY PACTOR.	TOTALS:	11-12 PM	11			7- 8 PM	6- 7 PM	5- 6 PM	4-5 PM	3-4 PM	2- 3 PM	1- 2 PM	12- 1 PM	12	10-11 AM	9-10 AM	8-9 AM	7- 8 AM	- 7		4-5 AM	3- 4 AM	2- 3 AM	1- 2 AM	12- 1 AM	DAY:	DATE:		
470 650		6780	150	190	260	320	450	550	650	600	560	580	550	550	470	360	310	230									MON	24		
BETWEEN 11-12 BETWEEN 5- 6		7230	140	190	260	340	460	550	620	570	550	490	520	530	420	350	290	250	280	110	50	30	20	40	50	120	TUE	25	WBBI	
6 PM ON	AVERAGE	650												•					270	110	50	20	20	30	50	100	WED	26	WEEK OF FEBR	
MONDAY	AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC:																										UHT	27	FEBRUARY 24 TO N	
																											FRI	28	TO MARCH	
·	7910																										SAT	01	02 1997	-
MACHINE NUMBER: MULTIPLE: ONE-WAY: DATA SOURCE:											-																SUN	02		
OMBER: T60 N N		14660	290	380	520	660	910	1100	1270	1170	1110	1070	1070	1080	890	710	600	480	550	220	100	50	40	70	100	220	TOTALS			

Turning Movement Estimation Guidelines

Appendix 2

Factors

Appendix 2 Contents

This appendix contains information concerning k-factors, directional factors, growth factors, and peak hour factors. This information is primarily derived from the Cabinet's 65 automatic traffic recorder (ATRs) which gather traffic information continuously.

The first section is an excerpt of a memorandum transmitting data for the Cabinet's annual Highway Performance Monitoring System submittal to the Federal Highway Administration which goes through the Highway Information Systems Section of the Division of Transportation Planning. The excerpt contains:

Functional class k-factors Functional class directional factors Functional class growth rates

It should be noted that these are averages and should be used only in the absence of more site specific data.

The second section is an excerpt from the <u>1996 Traffic Characteristics Report</u> which was published by the Division of Transportation Planning. The excerpt contains:

ATR k-factors
ATR peak hour factors

This data is an excellent source of data to be used for traffic forecasting since ATR data contains the only true traffic volumes. Traffic volumes from other sources are only estimates of traffic.



COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY TRANSPORTATION CABINET FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY 40622

PAUL E. PATTON GOVERNOR

SECRETARY OF TRANSPORTATION T. KEVIN FLANERY

DEPUTY SECRETARY

JAMES C. CODELL, III

INTRA-DEPARTMENTAL MEMO

TO:

Greg Witt, Manager

Highway Information Systems Section

FROM:

Rob Bostrom, Manager Nob Bostrom

Traffic Section

DATE:

April 17, 1997

SUBJECT:

1997 HPMS Traffic Data Submittal

This is to document the data submitted to you via computer files and written reports. We are providing the following data to you:

- 1. 1996 ADTs: This data was collected at 1,543 non-local HPMS stations and 431 local HPMS stations. This includes 142 directional interstate stations (includes rest areas) and 66 ATRs. Some data smoothing and estimating was necessary and is explained on the attached interstate adjustment summary. All of the finalized ADTs are present on the mainframe computer in the April 17, 1997 version of the TVS file and are also shown in the Interstate Database Summary 1992 -1996. The ATR monthly summary is provided in the attached "Blackbook" printout.
- 2. 1996 Classification Counts: This data was collected at 116 HPMS stations. Included in this total are 25 interstate stations, 43 ATRs, and 30 WIM stations. The finalized VCR data is available on the mainframe computer in the April 17, 1997 version of the VCR file. We are also providing you with the annual Travel Activity by Vehicle Type and Functional Classes.
- 3. <u>Traffic Factors</u>: Directional factors are provided by functional class which should be used for all of the sample sections excepting the 345 classification stations. K-factors are provided by functional class in the attached list. Twenty-year (1996-2016) growth rates are provided by functional class.

If you have any questions or comments. let me know.

NRB

Attachments:

- K-Factor Summary (1)
- (2) **Directional Factor Summary**
- (3) 20-year Growth Factors
- (4) Travel Activity Summary
- (5) Interstates 1996 - Adjustments and Comments
- (6) Interstate Database Summary 1992-1996
- (7) ATR Blackbook
- c: Barry House Bruce Siria

1996 K-FACTORS FOR ATR FUNCTIONAL CLASSES

FC = 1	Rural Interstate	11.2
FC = 2	Rural Principal Arterial	11.6
FC=6	Rural Minor Arterial	12.5
FC = 7	Rural Major Collector	12.3
FC=8	Rural Minor Collector	11.2
FC = 11	Urban Interstate	10.7
FC = 12	Urban Other Freeway	11.2
FC = 14	Urban Principal Arterial	10.2
FC = 16	Urban Minor Arterial	9.9
FC = 17	Urban Collector	13.2

1996 ATR DIRECTIONAL PERCENTAGES

FC=1	Rural Interstate	41.7% 58.3%	100.0%
FC=2	Rural Principal Arterial	42.3% 57.7%	100.0%
FC=6	Rural Minor Arterial	42.5% 57.5%	100.0%
FC=7	Rural Major Collector	42.0% 58.0%	100.0%
FC=8	Rural Minor Collector	45.9% 54.1%	100.0%
FC=11	Urban Interstate	41.4% 58.6%	100.0%
FC=12	Urban Other Freeway	41.6% 58.4%	100.0%
FC=14	Urban Principal Arterial	40.1% 59.9%	100.0%
FC=16	Urban Minor Arterial	41.4% 58.6%	100.0%
FC=17	Urban Collector	38.9% 61.1%	100.0%

Statewide Growth Rates (20-year Multipliers) by Functional Class

Functional Class	20-year Multiplier	Source
1	1.529	CTS/ATR
2	1.554	CTS/ATR
6	1.332	CTS/ATR
7	1.523	CTS/ATR
8	1.651	CTS/ATR
9	1.390	CTS/Everything
-11	1.604	TLA/ATR
12	1.488	CTS/HPMS
14	1.370	CTS/HPMS
16 ·	1.372	CTS/HPMS
17	1.451	CTS/HPMS
19	1.598	CTS/HPMS

Notes:

- 1. CTS/ATR is based on ATR stations with the growth rates calculated by the CTS 20-year extrapolation program. This is the preferred source of growth rates but is not used where the ATR data is sparse.
- 2. CTS/Everything is based on all local count stations in the state of Kentucky with the growth rates calculated by the CTS 20-year extrapolation program.
- 3. TLA/ATR is based on ATR stations with the growth rates calculated by trend line analysis program run on each ATR and averaged. This seemed to be more reliable than the CTS extrapolation in some instances due to its sensitivity to recent growth as exhibited by urban interstates.
- 4. CTS/HPMS is based on HPMS count stations with the growth rates calculated by the CTS 20-year extrapolation program.
- 5. In general, the growth rates were chosen that minimized the change from the 1994 20-year growth rates. For example the multiplier used for functional class 11 in 1994 was 1.830 and the CTS/HPMS yielded an average value of 1.488. The TLA estimate of 1.604 was used since it was a more moderate change from the 1994 estimate.
- 6. All growth rates represent the average of the multipliers calculated for individual stations within a functional class.

TABLE 2A KENTUCKY TRANSPORTATION CABINET - DIVISION OF TRANSPORTATION PLANNING AUTOMATIC TRAFFIC RECORDER INVENTORY

!	51	50	49	48	47	46	45	43	2	<u> </u>	: 3	ນ ເ	3 5	37	3	딿	¥	ස	32	31	36	29	28	27	26	25	24	23	22	21	19	6	17	6	5	14	13	12	5	S	7	5 7		ယ	2	-	STATION
	NOAT	HARDIN	KENTON	HENRY	CARTER	ROCKCASTLE	WARREN	FLOYD	BUYU	FUUIT	MANSHALL	LOUMN	100AH			HANCOCK	ADAIR	RUSSELL	PULASKI	BELL	ESTILL	MENIFEE	TRIMBLE	PENDLETON	BOURBON	MERCER	MARION	GRANT	SHELBY	JEFFERSON	SHELBY	HARLAN	DAVIESS	GRANT	NOW	JEFFERSON	CARTER	PIKE	GRAVES	GRAYSON	HARDIN	WOLFE	ROCKCASTLE	FRANKLIN	JEFFERSON	FRANKLIN	COUNTY
	124	- 65 - 1	KY 371	171	164	1.75	12TH AVENUE	KY 1428	US 23	KY /	US 64 1	C 00	15.59	HC 221	KA 24	US 60	KY 80	US 127	US 27	US 25E	KY 52	US 460	US 42	US 27	US 68	US 127	US 68	175	164	US 31E	OLD ZARING ROAD	US 119	BYPASS 60	US 25	US 60	KY 1142	US 60	US 23	US 45	US 62	US 31W	KY 15	US 25	COLLINS LANE	KY 1699	US 60	ROUTE NUMBER OR NAME
	37 300	20 172	3 170	34.560	170.857	50.770	0.000	10.600	0.100	11.373	18.236	2.5/4	0.000	300 31	0 5 5 6	12.578	20.058	6.429	5.734	19.035	19.081	4.955	10.049	5.731	4.183	2.236	9.744	164.193	36.000	14.635	0.000	10.026	6.083	17.464	4.188	1.400	20.029	38.140	6.200	12 096	29.589	11.680	11.727	0.000	1.510	0.000	MILEPOINT
THE STATE AND STEMENTS WITH STATE ST	WEST OF FOLLYWILLE AND 2.2 MILES WEST OF 115 6.2	COULT OF EITZARETUTOWN AND 2 O MILES COULT OF WEST AN DAMA	IN COVINGTON NEWPORT HERAN AREA O 2 MH ES NORTH OF 1.75	IN HENRY COUNTY AND 0.7 MILES NORTH OF US 421	WEST OF GRAYSON AND 0.2 MILES WEST OF KY 1	SOUTH OF MT. VERNON AND 8.2 MILES SOUTH OF KY 25 AT LAUREL CO.	12TH AVE IN BOWLING GREEN BETWEEN KENTON ST & FAIRGROUNDS ALLEY	EAST OF PRESTONSBURG AND 2.1 MILES EAST OF KY 3	SOUTH OF ASHLAND AND 0.1 MILES NORTH OF LAWRENCE COUNTY LINE	NORTH OF SANDY HOOK 0.1 MILES SOUTH OF KY 32	1.2 MILES SOUTH OF US 62	WEST OF RUSSELLVILLE AND 0.2 MILES WEST OF KY 1151	NUMER OF MUNDANIUWN AND 2.5 MILES NUMER OF KT /5	CAST OF TOROUGHER AND TO MILES EAST OF AT 201	CACT OF FAMILIES AND 1.1 MILES FAST OF ALSO	EACT OF HAWECVILLE AND 11 MILES EACT OF MY CO	FAST OF COLUMNIA AND 7.7 MILES FAST OF KY 55	SOUTH OF JAMESTOWN AND 1.7 MILES SOUTH OF MY SE	SOUTH OF BURNSIDE AND 4 O MILES SOUTH OF KY 90	NORTH OF PINEVILLE AND 1 D MILES WORTH OF KY 92	EAST OF RAVENNA AND 0.4 MILES SOUTH OF KY 1571	WEST OF FRENCHBURG AND 3.8 MILES WEST OF KY 36	EAST OF BEDFORD AND 1.8 MILES EAST OF US 421	SOUTH OF FALMOUTH AND 2.4 MILES SOUTH OF KY 72	NORTH OF PARIS AND 1.4 MILES NORTH OF US 68 BYPASS	SOUTH OF HARRODSBURG AND 2.1 MILES SOUTH OF US 68	IN LEBANON AND 1.0 MILES EAST OF KY 55	SOUTH OF CRITTENDEN AND 1.8 MILES SOUTH OF KY 491	EAST OF SHELBYVILLE AND 0.9 MILES EAST OF KY 53 INTERCHANGE	IN LOUISVILLE AND 0.1 MILES NORTH OF US 60S (EASTERN PARKWAY)	SOUTH OF SHELBYVILLE AND 2.7 MILES SOUTH OF US 60	WEST OF HARLAN AND 4.2 MILES OF US 421	.2 MI. W. DF US231	NORTH OF DRY RIDGE AND 2.2 MILES NORTH OF KY 22	SOUTH OF STURGIS AND 1.4 MILES SOUTH OF KY 365	IN LOUISVILLE URBAN AREA JUST WEST OF NEW CUT ROAD		NORTH OF PIKEVILLE 2.4 MILES SOUTH OF FLOYD COUNTY LINE	SOUTH OF WINGO AND 12 MILES SOUTH OF KY 339	FAST OF CANEAULISE AND 3 V WILES EVACA DE NA 20	IN RADICI IFF AND 2 A MILES NORTH OF KY 144		SOUTH OF MT. VERNON. O.1 MI SOUTH OF SOUTHERN 1 75 INTERCHANGE	IN FRANKFORT JUST WEST OF KY 676 (EAST-WEST CONNECTOR)	IN LOUISVILLE URBAN AREA 0.4 MILES SOUTH OF KY 146	AT SHELBY COUNTY LINE AND 0.5 MILES SOUTH OF KY 151	DESCRIPTION
9	2 5	2 2	5 :	2 :	9	9 ;	<u></u>	8	02	06	06	02	U7	2 5	2 5	3 5	3 8	2 2	3 8	3 9	D 1		9 7	8 :	02	8 :	= :	9	9 :	=	& ;	9 2 (;;	107	S	,	2 5	3 5	97 9	2 4	. 5	2 9	n 7 :	17	17	07	75
AOLOMITICAGO	AULIME VOC	AOLUME	VOI HIME	VOI IIMFICI ASS	VOI HMF/CLASS	VOLUME/CLASS	ANTION	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	AOLUME	AULUME	VULUME	AOLUME	AUCOME	AOLDWICK TWO	AUTHURIA VCC	AUT DINE	VOI IIME	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUMEICIASS	VOLUMEICLASS	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUMEICI ASS	VOLUME/CLASS	VOI IIMF	VOI UMF	VOLUME VOLUME	AUTOME	אסרטאוכ	VOLUMEICLASS	VULUMEICLASS	VOLUME	אטן ווואני פטרטאוני	VOI IIME	אטו וו ווונ אטרטווולומראסס	VDI HIMEICI ACC	VOLUME/CLASS	TYPE_DATA

8	9	97	96	94	93	92	91	90	84	77	76	75	74	73	72	71	70	60	53	52	STATION
JEFFERSON	JEFFERSON	CAMPBELL	CAMPBELL	JEFFERSON	KENTON	JEFFERSON	SIMPSON	FAYETTE	JEFFERSON	LAWRENCE	LAUREL	FAYETTE	FAYETTE	OWSLEY	BULLITT	BARREN	PIKE	WOODFORD	WOODFORD	LEWIS	COUNTY
55	1265	1275	1471	1 264	175	164	165	1 75	KY 61	US 23	DB PARKWAY	KY 4	164	KY 11	- 65	TR 9008	US 119	US 60	TR 9002	KY 546	ROUTE NUMBER OR NAME
133.414	16 134	76.400	1.900	15.000	188.000	2,600	2,048	100.500	0.100	5.600	9.200	3.500	73.800	13.300	106.500	10.100	2.300	0.000	69.600	15.100	MILEPOINT
IN LOUISVILLE URBAN AREA JUST MORTH OF BRANDIES DYERPASS	IN LOUISVILLE LIRBAN AREA AT THE LOUISON-SCHOOL BO OVERDAGE	AT KY 1996 OVERPASS BETWEEN KY 546 AND 1471	BETWEEN US 127 AND 1275	BETWEEN NEWBURG AND BARDSTOWN ROAD	NEAR KYLES LANE	BETWEEN US 150 AND I 264	BETWEEN US31W AND KY100	NEAR CLAY'S FERRY EXIT	AT BULLITT COUNTY LINE AND 0.2 MILES SOUTH OF MUD LANE	US 23 IN LAWRENCE COUNTY, 0.5 MILE NORTH OF KY 645	DANIEL BOONE PARKWAY IN LAUREL COUNTY, UNDER KY 1305 OVERPASS	BETWEEN US 60 AND US 68	164 IN FAYETTE COUNTY, WEST OF LEXINGTON	NORTHWEST OF BOONEVILLE	I 65 IN BULLITT CO., NORTH OF LEBANON JUNCTION	CUMBERLAND PARKWAY IN BARREN CO., WEST OF GLASGOW	US 119 IN PIKE COUNTY, EAST OF US 23	WOODFORD/FRANKLIN COUNTY LINE	1.5 MILES WEST OF US 60 IN WOODFORD COUNTY	BETWEEN VANCEBURG AND CLARKSBURG (2.53 MI. EAST OF KY 989)	DESCRIPTION
= =	= :	=	=	=	=	=	9	9	14	22	22	12	=	07	2	0 2	8 2	2	2	2	æ
VOLUMEICLASS	TO THE PER	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME	AOLUME	VOLUME	VOLUME/CLASS/PERMANENT WEIGHT	VOLUME/CLASS/PERMANENT WEIGHT	VOLUME	VOLUME/CLASS/PERMANENT WEIGHT	VOLUME/CLASS	VOLUMEICLASSIPERMANENT WEIGHT	VOLUMEICLASS	VOLUMEICLASS	VOLUME/CLASS	VOLUME/CLASS	VOLUME/CLASS	TYPE_DATA

STATION	COUNTY	ROUTE	1995 AADT	1996 AADT	GROWTH %	30TH HIGHEST HOUR	30TH HIGHEST HOUR	AM PEAK HOUR FACTOR	PM PEAK HOUR FACTOR
47	CARTER	- 64 - 64	13039	13999	7.36	10.9	10.7	0.91	0.96
48	HENRY	171	22309	23424	5.00	10.5	9.8	0.94	0.96
49	KENTON	KY 371	31921	32498	1.81	10.2	10.4	0.94	0.96
50	HARDIN	165	35234	37520	6.49	10.7	10.4	0.95	0.98
51	LYON	124	20234	20028	-1.02	11.3	11.0	0.93	0.95
52	LEWIS	KY 546	4133	4545	9.97	10.9	10.3	0.71	0.69
53	WOODFORD	TR 9002	14153	14085	-0.48	11.6	11.4	0.92	0.90
60	WOODFORD	US 60	14857	15451	4.00		12.0	0.87	0.91
70	PIKE	US 119	5180	5286	2.05	12.9	11.1	0.90	0.96
71	BARREN	TR 9008	6320	5550	-12.18	12.4	18. 1	0.86	0.86
72	BULLITT	. 765	39606	40800	3.01	10.8	8.7	0.00	0.00
73	OWSLEY	KY 11	3170	3320	4.73	14.9	5.9	0.61	0.85
74	FAYETTE	164	26500	26900	1.51	12.3			
75	FAYETTE	KY 4	47142	49499	5.00	11.6	11.5	0.83	0.93
76 *	LAUREL	DB PARKWAY	7310	7010	4.10				
77 **	LAWRENCE	US 23	7940	8250	3.90				
84	JEFFERSON	KY 61	18578	19693	6.00	10.0	9.8	0.78	0.89
90	FAYETTE	175	48704	51280	5.29	10.2	10.1	0.91	0.96
91	SIMPSON	- 65	32458	32322	.0.42	10.5	10.8	0.96	0.89
92	JEFFERSON	164	54427	57266	5.22	10.6	11.2	0.80	0.85
2	KENTON	175	123318	135650	10.00	8.9	9 .3	0.95	0.92
94	JEFFERSON	1 264	132697	139332	5.00	10.4	10,1	0.77	0.90
96	CAMPBELL	1471	82445	83269	1.00	17.9	10.3	0.92	0.96
97	CAMPBELL	1 2 <i>7</i> 5	59848	60446	1.00	10.8	10.6	0.95	0.91
8	JEFFERSON	1 265	48563	47592	-2.00	10.9	11.3	0.90	0.90
99	REFERENCE	- 22	131410	125052	3 20	2	۵ ع	203	3

High Hours and Peak Factors are not available for this site.
 This station was installed as an ATR in 1996; therefore, we are using an estimate for the 1995 ADT for comparison purposes.
 High Hours and Peak Factors are not available for this site.

Turning Movement Estimation Guidelines

Appendix 3

Manual Turning Movement Estimation Techniques

Appendix 3 Contents

This appendix contains methods for calculating turning movements at three leg and four leg intersections respectively. This information comes from the Florida Department of Transportation Design Traffic Manual.

Calculating three leg turning movements can be done precisely if three accurate traffic volume counts are available at each leg of the intersection. This method is widely used since it is so simple.

Calculating four leg turning movements is more difficult. As mentioned in the Tools section of the report, four leg turning movements can be derived if traffic volume counts are available at six of the twelve movements. The Florida method uses an approximation method of determining the turning movements.

Appendix E

EXAMPLE OF DISTRICT TWO MANUAL METHOD

A simple calculation technique for obtaining balanced turning movement volumes from approach volumes at three-legged and four-legged intersections.



APPENDIX E

E.1 Calculation of Turns at "T" or "Y" Intersection from End Volumes

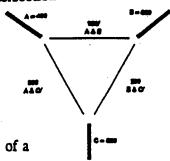
Given: Two-way ADT on each leg of a "T" of "Y" intersection

A=400, B=300, C=500

Round all volumes: Current years to nearest 20,

future years to nearest 200

(This example assumes current year)



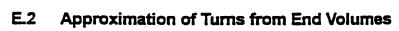
Rule: To find the two-way volume moving between two legs of a three-legged intersection, add the two-way volumes on the two legs concerned and subtract the two-way volume on the third leg, then divide by 2.

Find: Two-way turning volumes

between A & B =
$$A + B - C = 400 + 300 - 500 = 100$$

between B & C =
$$B + C - A = 300 + 500 - 400 = 200$$

between A & C =
$$A + C - B = 400 + 500 - 300 = 300$$



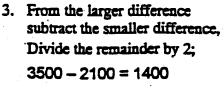
Given: Two-way ADT on each leg of a four-legged intersection

Find: The two-way turn and through ADT between A&B, A&C, A&D, B&C, B&D, C&D

Round all volumes: Current years to nearest 20, future years to nearest 200 (This example assumes current year)

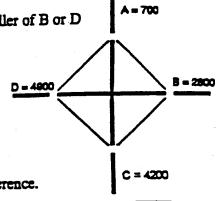
1. From the larger of A or C subtract the smaller of A or C 4200 - 700 = 3500

2. From the larger of B or D subtract the smaller of B or D
4900 - 2800 = 2100



1400 / 2 = 700

This is the first diagonal-turn-volume-difference.



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4. From the larger difference subtract the last calculated value.

$$3500 - 700 = 2800$$

This remainder is the second diagonal-turn-volume-difference.

- 5. Position the last two calculated diagonal-turn-volume-differences so that the original end volumes are satisfied if the two other turning movements are zero.
- 6. Approximate the turns which were above taken as zero by prorating the smaller end volume to the other three legs.

A is smallest = 700, so base = B + C + D
$$= 2800 + 4200 + 4900 = 11900$$
Proration constant for "A"
$$K_A = \frac{A}{B + C + D} = \frac{700}{11,900} = 0.0588$$

Turns between A & B =
$$K_A \times B$$

= 0.0588 x 2800 = 164
(20 round) \rightarrow 160

Turns between A & D =
$$K_A \times D$$

= 0.0588 x 4900 = 288
(20 round) \rightarrow 280

7. To the approximated minor turns add the opposite diagonal-turn-volume-difference to obtain the remaining turn volumes.

8. From the end volumes subtract the turn volumes to obtain the through volumes.

$$700 - 280 - 160 = 260$$

 $2800 - 160 - 980 = 1660$

